

Divided Routes

Divided routes are routes on which the lanes for one direction are physically separated from the lanes for the opposite direction, usually by being contained on separate roadway prisms. For linear location referencing purposes, the route's primary direction is used, even though the length of roadway in the negative direction may be different. Examples of routes defined as divided routes are interstates and expressways.

Divided Routes in Utah include:

Common Route Name	Notes
US-6	North Interchange of SR 55 thru South Interchange of SR 55
SR-7	M.P. 0.257 to M.P.5.975
I-15	All
SR-18	M.P. 3.600 to M.P. 4.179
SR-40	Silver Creek Junction to Junction SR-32
SR-67	All
I-70	All
I-80	All
I-84	All
SR-85	M.P. 0.332 to M.P. 2.997 & M.P. 3.528 to M.P. 18.658
US-89	M.P. 327.680 to 327.866 - M.P. 383.116 to 384.689
US-89	M.P. 395.586 to 398.191 – 422.859 to 423.957
SR-152	M.P. 0.240 to M.P. 2.255 (Van Winkle Expressway)
SR-154	2100 South Interchange to I-80 Interchange
US-189	M.P. 14.547 to 15.444
US-191	MP 132.394 to MP 135.049
SR-201	Junction SR-202 to Junction I-15
I-215	All