

TRUCK SMART POST-TEST



ZERO Fatalities
A Goal We Can All Live With

1. A typical passenger vehicle weighs:

- a. 1,000 to 2,000 pounds
- b. 3,000 to 4,000 pounds
- c. 6,000 to 8,000 pounds
- d. 10,000 to 12,000 pounds

2. A typical fully loaded tractor-trailer weighs:

- a. 80,000 pounds
- b. 70,000 pounds
- c. 60,000 pounds
- d. 50,000 pounds

3. A typical passenger vehicle traveling at 65 mph under ideal conditions takes:

- a. 102 feet to stop
- b. 240 feet to stop
- c. 316 feet to stop
- d. 525 feet to stop

4. A fully loaded tractor-trailer traveling at 65 mph under ideal conditions takes a minimum of:

- a. 102 feet to stop
- b. 240 feet to stop
- c. 316 feet to stop
- d. 525 feet to stop

5. Total stopping distance for a passenger vehicle is a combination of what three things?

- a. Perception time, braking distance and stopping distance
- b. Perception time, reaction time and braking distance
- c. Braking distance, brake lag time and vehicle speed
- d. Vehicle speed, braking distance and condition of the road

6. It is okay to pass a snow plow pushing snow, as long as you have four-wheel drive.

- True False

7. The rear blind spot behind a semi-truck extends approximately 200 feet.

- True False

8. You know you are not in a blind spot if you can see a truck's side mirrors.

- True False

9. What should you do when you are merging on the freeway?

- a. Accelerate to legal speed
- b. Look for upcoming vehicles in neighboring lane
- c. Responsibly and safely merge into the flow of traffic
- d. All of the above

10. How many car lengths should you allow before you pull in front of a truck?

- a. Two car lengths for every 10 mph
- b. One car length for every 10 mph
- c. One car length for every 5 mph

11. It is illegal to pass a truck pulling multiple trailers.

- True False

12. Trucks often pull into the left lane to let traffic pass on the right when making right turns.

- True False

13. Trucks and buses require more distance and time to stop and maneuver than cars do.

- True False

14. Truck drivers have better visibility because they sit up so high.

- True False

15. The no zones, or blind spots, of a semi-truck are:

- a. On the right and left side of the semi
- b. Directly in front of the semi
- c. Directly behind the semi
- d. All of the above

16. It is safe to draft or tailgate large trucks and buses to save gas.

- True False

17. After passing a truck and merging into the lane in front of the truck, do not slow down.

- True False

18. A semi has more brakes so it can stop faster than a car.

- True False

19. Following a semi too closely can result in:

- a. Crashing into the back of the semi when it makes a stop
- b. Debris being kicked up from the roadway by the semi and striking your car
- c. Not being able to avoid debris falling off the semi when the truck makes a sudden stop
- d. All of the above

20. It is legal to stop beyond the white stop line at an intersection as long as you watch for traffic and pedestrians.

- True False

SCORE _____ /20

TRUCK SMART PRE-TEST



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