



AVIATION DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY





A NEW DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY FOR UTAH'S AIRPORT SYSTEM

To guide the Utah airport system and measure how airports contribute to the economy, the Utah Division of Aeronautics recently completed the Aviation Development Strategy. Included is a Statewide Aviation System Plan and Statewide Economic Impact Study for 46 public airports. This report provides a summary of important findings and highlights the economic contribution that the airport system generates for the state economy. The airport roles and a summary of the investment required for each airport to fulfill its needs and objectives is provided. All economic impacts estimated in this study reflect pre-COVID conditions.

> VALUE **OF UTAH AIRPORTS**



AIRPORTS



136,000



*Excludes SLC





NATIONALLY, UTAH RANKS...





IN GROWTH OF DRONE PILOTS FROM 2016 TO 2019

IN GROWTH OF BASED AIRCRAFT FROM 2000 TO 2019

UTAH'S AIRPORT SYSTEM IS HOME TO...



.400 BASED AIRCRAFT



777,200 GENERAL AVIATION OPERATIONS



13.8 MILLION COMMERCIAL AIRLINE PASSENGER ENPLANEMENTS



THE 23RD BUSIEST PASSENGER AIRPORT IN THE U.S. (91ST GLOBALLY)

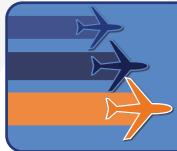


242 ON-AIRPORT BUSINESS TENANTS



15,800 ON-AIRPORT EMPLOYEES WITH AN **AVERAGE SALARY OF \$61,200**

DID YOU KNOW.



89% OF FLIGHT **PLANS ARE TO OUT OF STATE DESTINATIONS**



CONNECTIONS TO MORE THAN 1,270 UNIQUE MARKETS IN 50 STATES AND 26 COUNTRIES (100 **INTERNATIONAL MARKETS)**

ANNUAL VISITORS ARRIVING BY AIR

COMMERCIAL AIRLINE **VISITORS** 204,000 Excluding SLC



ENHANCING QUALITY OF LIFE

AIRPORTS SUPPORT

CRITICAL SERVICES

AIRPORTS SUPPORTING

AIR AMBULANCE OPERATIONS



AIRPORTS SUPPORTING

AERIAL FIREFIGHTING ACTIVITY



UTAH AIRPORTS HAVE A BIG IMPACT

Utah's Statewide Airport Economic Impact Study measured economic impacts associated with 38 general aviation and eight commercial airports (including SLC). Statewide, total annual economic impacts from Utah's commercial and general aviation airports were estimated as follows:



EXCLUDING SLC INCLUDING SLC

STATEWIDE EMPLOYMENT

STATEWIDE STATEWIDE PAYROLL

STATEWIDE ANNUAL

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

STATEWIDE TAX **REVENUE**

DISTRIBUTION OF STATEWIDE ANNUAL ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

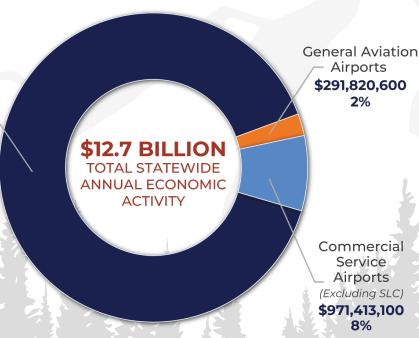
Excluding SLC, the 45 public airports in Utah's system generate \$1.3 billion in total annual economic activity. As one of the busiest airports in the country, SLC generates nearly \$11.5 billion in total annual economic activity. When combined, the system of airports generates nearly \$12.7 billion in annual economic activity. This equates to approximately 6.6 percent of Utah's gross state product.

ANNUAL

ECONOMIC

ACTIVITY

Salt Lake City International Airport \$11,464,143,900 90%



BILLION

45 PUBLIC AIRPORTS

\$12.7 BILLION

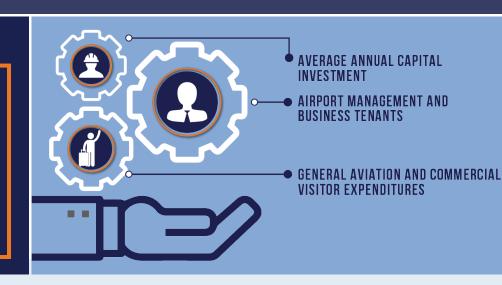
46 PUBLIC AIRPORTS Including SLC 6.6%

OF GROSS STATE PRODUCT

METHODOLOGY FOLLOWS FAA GUIDANCE

HOW DO WE FIND ECONOMIC IMPACTS ON AIRPORTS?

Each airport was investigated to identify potential economic impacts from these activity categories:



WHAT DO WE MEASURE?

For all categories, these measures were used to identify the airport's annual economic impact:





SPENDING









PAYROLL









WHAT IS ANNUAL **ECONOMIC ACTIVITY?**

Annual economic activity represents dollars flowing into the economy from payroll and spending.

HOW DO WE GET TOTAL IMPACTS?

Economic impacts reflect not only direct impacts, but also indirect/ induced impacts associated with multiplier effects. Using Utahspecific inputs, the IMPLAN model was used to estimate indirect/ induced impacts.

DIRECT IMPACTS

ANNUAL EMPLOYMENT ANNUAL PAYROLL ANNUAL SPENDING ANNUAL ECONOMIC ACTIVITY



TOTAL IMPACTS



STATE AND LOCAL TAX REVENUES GENERATED BY AIRPORT-SUPPORTED ACTIVITY

In addition to the significant annual economic impacts identified, airports and the activities they support are also important contributors to state and local tax revenues. Aviation-related tax revenues are associated with sales tax events as well as state income tax payments. Airport-related taxable events include:

- Sales tax on visitor spending
- Income tax on visitor spending-supported employees
- Sales tax on spending by airports and their business tenants
- Income tax on employees of airports and business tenants
- Sales tax on capital investment spending
- Income tax on capital investment-supported employees

BENEFITS ALSO COME IN THE FORM OF

















578.1M ANNUAL SALES

*46 Airports Including SLC



\$107.7M









When these taxable events are considered, it is estimated that airports and airport-supported activities contribute approximately \$49.8 million in annual state and local tax revenues, or \$635.3 million including SLC. It is important to note that this estimate is based only on direct economic impacts identified in this analysis, not indirect/ induced impacts. Aircraft sales and use tax is not considered.





ANNUAL

SALES TAX



*Excludes SLC

INVESTING IN UTAH'S AIRPORTS PROVIDES A SIGNIFICANT RETURN







\$1 of local sponsor money leverages **\$13** in combined state and FAA funds



\$1 of capital expenditures at airports supports \$15 of annual economic benefit to the state economy













THE AVERAGE ANNUAL FUNDING **NEED FOR THE 45 STUDY** AIRPORTS (EXCLUDING SLC) OVER THE NEXT 10 YEARS IS ESTIMATED AT\$42.6M



AT CURRENT AVERAGE ANNUAL FUNDING LEVELS OF \$33.6M ONLY **79%** OF THESE CAPITAL **NEEDS CAN BE MET**



\$33.6 M **FUNDING LEVELS**



NEED



BENEFIT

\$1.3 B

POPULATION

COVERAGE





PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE AND SUPPORTING ECONOMIC **DEVELOPMENT**

The Aviation Development Strategy will ensure Utah has a first-class airport system to support resident, business, and visitor needs. Results from the Strategy provide airports with a blueprint for maintaining and expanding, as needed, so that airports can continue to be a key contributor to the many facets of the state's economy and its transportation infrastructure.



The first major step in evaluating the system was a comprehensive data collection effort to **inventory** existing conditions at each airport. Information obtained from each airport during the inventory effort was used to support all subsequent analyses.



The second major step in the process was to forecast future aviation demand in Utah for key components of aviation activity in Utah, including:

BASED AIRCRAFT



OPERATIONS



1.16 M

ENPLANEMENTS



297.000 343,000

RECOMMENDATIONS

FACILITY/SERVICE

OBJECTIVES

INVENTORY

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

FORECAST

AIRPORT ROLES

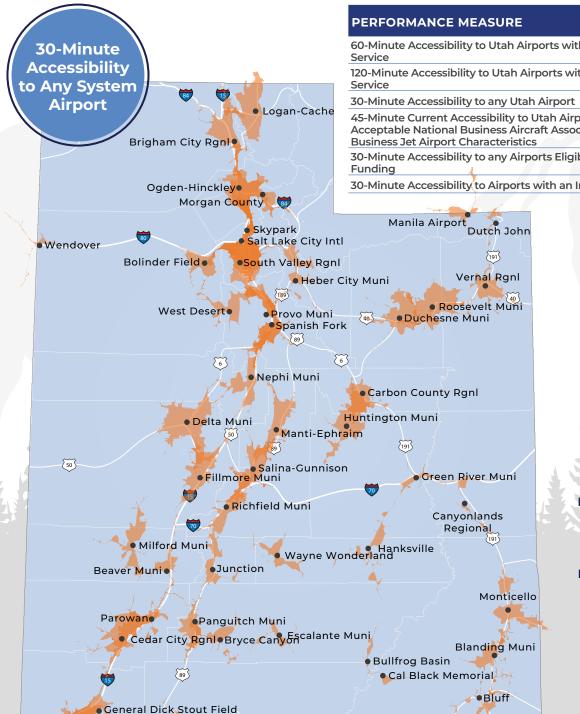


DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Forecasts developed in the Utah Aviation Development Strategy will help verify airport roles and provide a framework to guide analysis for future system development. Projections of aviation activity were prepared with 2018 as the base year and five-year (2023) and ten-year (2028) forecasts

IG AIRPORT SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

To evaluate Utah's airport system, a series of performance measures were established. The measures are generally tied to the accessibility of certain features of the airport system. The system evaluation task was conducted using a drive-time mapping analysis. The evaluation process considered not only accessibility to Utah airports but also, according to FAA guidelines, accessibility provided by airports in neighboring states. System accessibility reported in the accompanying table considers both Utah and neighboring state airports.



60-Minute Accessibility to Utah Airports with Scheduled Airline 93% 120-Minute Accessibility to Utah Airports with international Airline **87**% 94% 45-Minute Current Accessibility to Utah Airports Meeting Acceptable National Business Aircraft Association Medium 92% 30-Minute Accessibility to any Airports Eligible for Federal 92% 30-Minute Accessibility to Airports with an Instrument Approach

> **BUSINESS READY AIRPORTS** PROVIDE EXCELLENT **ACCESS TO UTAH'S** DYNAMIC REGIONAL MARKETS AND WORLD-RENOWNED RECREATIONAL **OPPORTUNITIES**



St. George Rgnl Kanab Muni



ASSIGNING AIRPORT ROLES BASED ON UNIQUE MARKETS AND INDUSTRIES

Every airport in the Utah system plays an important role in the functionality and capacity of the system.

The roles established for each airport are based on the unique markets each serves. Factors considered in establishing market-based roles include:

- Regional Economic Characteristics: agricultural land, oil/gas fields, mining districts, tourism/recreation, etc.
- Strategic Aviation Niche: air cargo, aerial firefighting, air ambulance, based aircraft
- Modal Connectivity: federal freight networks, critical freight routes, rail yards, etc.
- Airport Services: runway length, approach type, weather reporting, fuel service, aircraft storage, etc.

Each airport and its surrounding environs are unique and reflect diverse economies, geographies, and recreational opportunities across the state. The four system airport roles are presented below.





UT-I: COMMERCIAL SERVICE 8 Airports



UT-II: CORPORATE/ TOURISM / FREIGHT 16 Airports



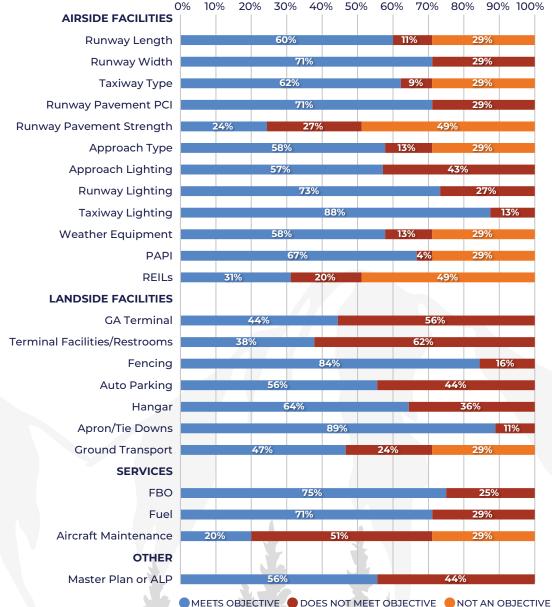


SETTING FACILITY
AND SERVICE
OBJECTIVES TO MAKE
A GOOD SYSTEM
BETTER

SYSTEM COMPLIANCE

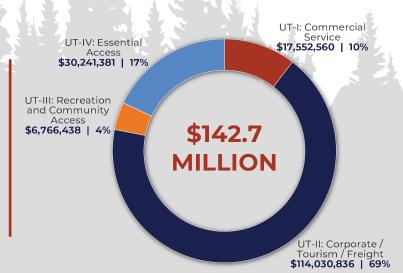
For each of the four airport roles, facility and service objectives were established. This chart summarizes the system's ability to meet objectives, which vary by role.





PROJECT COSTS BY ROLE

For full compliance with recommended facility and service objectives, nearly \$142.7 million of investment is needed.



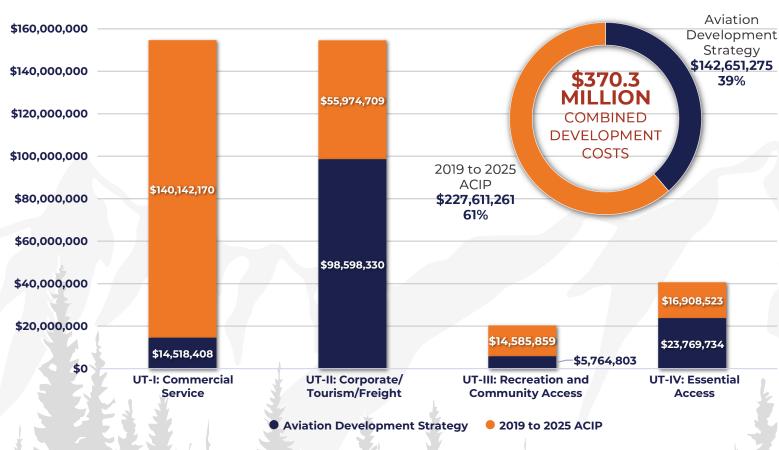
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FIVE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT COSTS FALLS SHORT OF ANTICIPATED FUNDING

Projects recommended by the Aviation Development Strategy represent only a portion of the total development and maintenance costs that Utah airports could require in the near term. In order to have a better picture of total investment needs for Utah's airport system, it is important to also consider projects identified in each airport's current Aeronautics' Airport Capital Improvement Program (ACIP) for 2019 through 2025.



Development Strategy projects were compared against ACIP projects to avoid duplication

LONG-TERM OUTLOOK

When taking a longer-term outlook through 2030, averaging the projected development costs over 10-years results in \$28.3 million for ACIP needs and \$14.3 million for Aviation Development Strategy needs. Combined, the average investment need is estimated at \$42.6 million annually, which exceeds anticipated funding levels of \$33.6 million annually. However, the annual economic impact of \$1.3 billion for the 45 study airports (excluding SLC) vastly exceeds the combined development need.

\$42.6 M ANNUAL NEED

79% | \$33.6M AVERAGE FUNDING AVAILABLE

21% PROJECTED FUNDING SHORTFALL

RECOMMENDATIONS: BUSINESS READY AIRPORTS FOR A BUSINESS READY UTAH

Utah's system of airports is generally well positioned to serve the majority of it's residents and businesses. After careful analysis, the Aviation Development Strategy identified the following recommendations to make this good system even better.



Each system airport should have the necessary facilities and services in place to fulfill their role recommendations. This includes nearly \$142.7 million in projects involving runways, lighting and Navaids, terminal improvements, and security and planning. The system's 45 airports have identified nearly \$228 million in projects in their current capital improvement programs.

AVIATION DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY RECOMMENDATIONS

Monitor FAA NPIAS Airport Status and Support At-Risk Airports: It is recommended that Utah Division of Aeronautics staff monitor the status of NPIAS airports, particularly the level of activity at airports with less than 10 based aircraft. The Division of Aeronautics can assist general aviation airports with maintaining and growing activity levels through:

- Stakeholder education –Economic Impact Legislative Reports, Individual Airport Summaries, and Fact Sheets can help tell aviation's story and promote local investment
- Promote Utah's aviation system at regional and national events
- Develop and refine funding prioritization to help support Aviation Development Strategy recommendations
- Continue to develop specialized studies such as a statewide analysis of air cargo opportunities

Complete Projects Identified in Airport Facility and Service Objectives Analysis: While many services available at airports are market driven and are beyond the direct scope of Utah Division of Aeronautics, there are opportunities to assist airports in improving facilities and services

Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats (SWOT) Analysis Recommendations: Focus group-generated recommendations include:

- Marketing programs
- Local business partnering programs
- Infrastructure development funding and loan programs
- Business plans and airport marketing studies
- Aviation education outreach
- Wasatch Front airspace studies
- General aviation promotion through national organizations

Fund Development Opportunities as identified in ACIP that Align with the Aviation Development Strategy: As future investment decisions are made, recommendations for specific capital projects should be considered that support Aviation Development Strategy facility and service objectives.

Develop a Prioritization System in the ACIP Process: It is recommended that the Utah Division of Aeronautics develop a priority investment system. This system should be included in a data management program as part of the state's CIP database.

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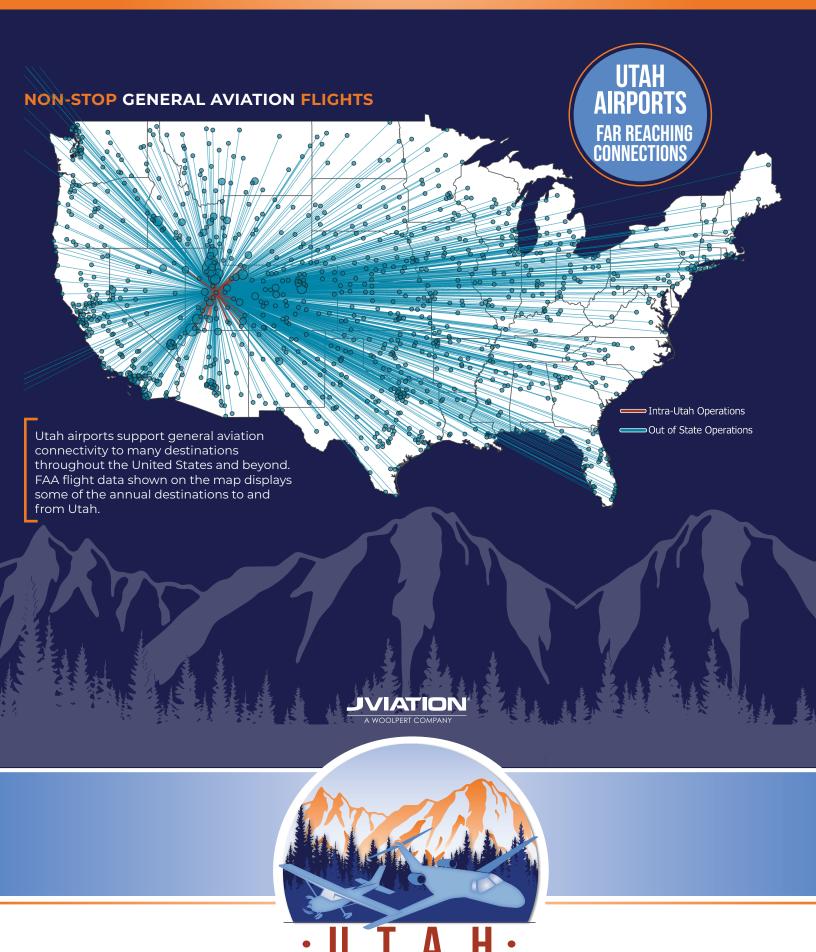


	TOTAL ANNUAL ECONOMIC IMPACTS BY AIRPORT											
	FAA ID	CITY	AIRPORT NAME	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	TOTAL PAYROLL	TOTAL SPENDING	TOTAL ANNUAL ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	TAX REVENUE				
	CDC	Cedar City	Cedar City Regional Airport	990	\$40,735,100	\$71,930,500	\$112,665,600	\$3,473,400				
	CNY	Moab	Canyonlands Regional Airport	488	\$17,105,300	\$28,832,400	\$45,937,700	\$2,052,500				
	ENV	Wendover	Wendover Airport	353	\$7,855,200	\$23,888,400	\$31,743,600	\$1,494,000				
	OGD	Ogden	Ogden-Hinckley Airport	2,626	\$118,601,800	\$209,500,400	\$328,102,200	\$12,877,900				
	PVU	Provo	Provo Municipal Airport	2,226	\$80,419,500	\$168,134,700	\$248,554,200	\$10,631,000				
	SGU	St George	St George Regional Airport	1,936	\$63,903,800	\$113,875,900	\$177,779,700	\$9,511,600				
	VEL	Vernal	Vernal Regional Airport	206	\$8,348,900	\$18,281,200	\$26,630,100	\$874,200				
	(COMMERCIA	AL SERVICE AIRPORTS (EXCLUDING SLC)	8,825	\$336,969,600	\$634,443,500	\$971,413,100	\$40,914,600				
	SLC	Salt Lake City	Salt Lake City International Airport	124,407	\$4,300,322,000	\$7,163,821,900	\$11,464,143,900	\$585,510,600				
	(COMMERCIA	AL SERVICE AIRPORTS (INCLUDING SLC)	133,232	\$4,637,291,600	\$7,798,265,400	\$12,435,557,000	\$626,425,200				
	U52	Beaver	Beaver Municipal Airport	8	\$216,100	\$817,900	\$1,034,000	\$33,400				
	BDG	Blanding	Blanding Municipal Airport	81	\$3,904,200	\$7,199,000	\$11,103,200	\$404,700				
	66V	Bluff	Bluff Airport	1	\$61,100	\$44,600	\$105,700	\$3,000				
	BTF	Bountiful	Skypark Airport	214	\$8,895,900	\$10,498,800	\$19,394,700	\$715,700				
	вмс	Brigham City	Brigham City Regional Airport	67	\$2,153,200	\$4,688,500	\$6,841,700	\$252,400				
	BCE	Bryce Canyon	Bryce Canyon Airport	37	\$1,074,700	\$2,103,600	\$3,178,300	\$128,800				
	UT9	Cedar Fort	West Desert Airpark	37	\$2,487,300	\$1,072,900	\$3,560,200	\$119,400				
	DTA	Delta	Delta Municipal Airport	4	\$138,700	\$757,500	\$896,200	\$24,100				
	U69	Duchesne	Duchesne Municipal Airport	5	\$164,300	\$460,600	\$624,900	\$20,900				
	33U	Dutch John	Dutch John Airport	7	\$222,900	\$273,000	\$495,900	\$23,200				
	1L7	Escalante	Escalante Municipal Airport	5	\$141,800	\$454,200	\$596,000	\$21,500				
	FOM	Fillmore	Fillmore Municipal Airport	4	\$91,000	\$369,700	\$460,700	\$12,700				
	U07	Glen Canyon NRA	Bullfrog Basin Airport	4	\$112,000	\$165,800	\$277,800	\$12,900				
	U34	Green River	Green River Municipal Airport	4	\$100,300	\$559,200	\$659,500	\$21,400				
	U96	Halls Crossing	Cal Black Memorial Airport	9	\$249,500	\$984,400	\$1,233,900	\$41,000				
	HVE	Hanksville	Hanksville Airport	11	\$325,900	\$1,299,500	\$1,625,400	\$47,100				

TOTAL ANNUAL ECONOMIC IMPACTS BY AIRPORT											
FAA ID	CITY	AIRPORT NAME	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	TOTAL PAYROLL	TOTAL SPENDING	TOTAL ANNUAL ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	TAX REVENUE				
HCR	Heber	Heber City Municipal Airport – Russ McDonald Field	170	\$6,106,900	\$10,689,900	\$16,796,800	\$624,200				
69V	Huntington	Huntington Municipal Airport	6	\$164,500	\$272,300	\$436,800	\$19,000				
1L8	Hurricane	General Dick Stout Field Airport	50	\$2,024,400	\$5,283,900	\$7,308,300	\$225,800				
U13	Junction	Junction Airport	<1	\$17,800	\$62,000	\$79,800	\$1,900				
KNB	Kanab	Kanab Municipal Airport	59	\$3,450,700	\$5,591,400	\$9,042,100	\$346,800				
38U	Loa	Wayne Wonderland Airport	7	\$195,700	\$524,800	\$720,500	\$24,800				
LGU	Logan	Logan-Cache Airport	194	\$4,471,400	\$13,246,300	\$17,717,700	\$639,300				
40U	Manila	Manila Airport	5	\$132,700	\$312,500	\$445,200	\$16,800				
41U	Manti	Manti-Ephraim Airport	32	\$951,100	\$2,385,700	\$3,336,800	\$122,000				
MLF	Milford	Milford Municipal Airport/Ben and Judy Briscoe Field	5	\$193,500	\$728,900	\$922,400	\$23,100				
U64	Monticello	Monticello Airport	6	\$174,500	\$526,800	\$701,300	\$22,900				
42U	Morgan	Morgan County Airport	52	\$2,955,400	\$5,373,100	\$8,328,500	\$194,100				
U14	Nephi	Nephi Municipal Airport	39	\$849,800	\$1,421,000	\$2,270,800	\$67,300				
U55	Panguitch	Panguitch Municipal Airport	6	\$175,400	\$524,200	\$699,600	\$25,700				
1L9	Parowan	Parowan Airport	15	\$488,700	\$1,196,700	\$1,685,400	\$55,100				
PUC	Price	Carbon County Regional Airport/Buck Davis Field	32	\$1,544,900	\$1,729,900	\$3,274,800	\$98,400				
RIF	Richfield	Richfield Municipal Airport	34	\$1,236,200	\$1,809,900	\$3,046,100	\$116,800				
74V	Roosevelt	Roosevelt Municipal Airport	12	\$396,200	\$1,125,600	\$1,521,800	\$51,000				
44U	Salina	Salina-Gunnison Airport	21	\$802,100	\$2,012,400	\$2,814,500	\$105,400				
U42	Salt Lake City	South Valley Regional Airport	1,216	\$80,409,600	\$52,363,500	\$132,773,100	\$3,261,100				
SPK	Spanish Fork	Spanish Fork Airport Springville-Woodhouse Field	151	\$7,315,000	\$8,770,500	\$16,085,500	\$607,800				
TVY	Tooele	Bolinder Field-Tooele Valley Airport	132	\$5,094,500	\$4,630,200	\$9,724,700	\$379,800				
	GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORTS		2,742	\$139,489,900	\$152,330,700	\$291,820,600	\$8,911,300				
	ALL AIRPO	RTS (EXCLUDING SLC)	11,567	\$476,459,500	\$786,774,200	\$1,263,233,700	\$49,825,900				
	ALL AIRPORTS (INCLUDING SLC)		135,974	\$4,776,781,500	\$7,950,596,100	\$12,727,377,600	\$635,336,500				

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AVIATION DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY